Code of Ethics of the Japanese Journal of Risk Analysis

Enacted by the Executive Board on June 26, 2020 Revised by the Executive Board on March 31st, 2022

1. All papers submitted for publication to the Japanese Journal of Risk Analysis (hereinafter "JJRA") must not have been previously published in any other publication that is accessible to the public. The data and theory that constitute the main part of the paper must also not have been previously published in any other publication accessible to the public. This rule about "no previous publication" does not apply to abstracts for conference presentations, such as those of the Proceedings of the Annual Conference of the Society for Risk Analysis Japan (hereinafter "SRAJ"), manuscripts submitted to the preprint server operated by JST. When submitting a paper that has already been published in a preprint, please indicate this in the communication to the Editorial Office at the time of submission. Furthermore, exceptions to this rule may be made by the SRAJ Editorial Committee.

2. The contents of papers submitted for publication must be free of any fabrication, falsification, plagiarism, or other form of misconduct.

3. If a paper submitted for publication contains any research that requires any procedure subject to law or regulation, such as research that requires the consent or cooperation of other parties, research that requires consideration relating to the handling of personal information, or research that requires bioethics or safety-related measures, the paper needs to be approved by an ethics committee or the equivalent within or outside your research institution, and this fact should be clearly stated in the text of the paper. If it is difficult to obtain a review by an ethics committee or the equivalent explaining the reason for this difficulty and stating that the contents of the paper are not ethically problematic must be attached to the manuscript at the time of submission. The reviewers and the SRAJ Editorial Committee will then need to decide on the ethics of the contents of the paper.

4. If there is any suspicion of a conflict of interest in the contents of a paper, it must be reported at the time of submission. The SRAJ Editorial Committee will then need to decide on the impartiality of the contents of the paper.

5. All liability for an article published in the journal lies with the author/s.